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- (b) Limitations. Treatment to be started after weaning. Feed continuously for 30 days or feed medicated feed for 2 days out of every week until marketing. Do not treat within 10 days of slaughter.
 - (ii) Amount. 0.1 percent.
- (a) Indications for use. As an aid in controlling outbreaks of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria stiedae.
- (b) Limitations. Feed for 2 weeks. Do not treat within 10 days of slaughter.

[48 FR 3965, Jan. 28, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 7400, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987; 55 FR 29843, July 23, 1990; 59 FR 33197, June 28, 1994; 69 FR 60547, Oct. 12, 2004]

§558.600 Tiamulin.

(a) *Specifications*. Type A article containing 5, 10, or 113.4 grams of tiamulin

- (as tiamulin hydrogen fumarate) per pound.
- (b) Approvals. See No. 000010 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.738 of this chapter.
- (d) Special considerations—(1) Swine being treated with tiamulin should not have access to feeds containing polyether ionophores (e.g., lasalocid, monensin, narasin, salinomycin, or semduramycin) as adverse reactions may occur. If signs of toxicity occur, discontinue use.
- (2) Not for use in swine weighing over 250 pounds.
 - (3) Use as sole source of tiamulin.
- (e) Conditions of use—(1) Swine. It is used as follows:

Tiamulin in grams per ton	Combination in grams per ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 10		For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.	Feed continuously as the sole ration.	000010
(ii) 35		For control of swine dysentery associated with Brachyspira (formerly Serpulina or Treponema) hyodysenteriae susceptible to tiamulin.	Feed continuously as sole ra- tion on premises with a history of swine dysentery but where signs of disease have not yet occurred or following approved treat- ment of disease. Withdraw 2 days before slaughter.	000010
		For control of porcine proliferative enteropathies (ileitis) associated with Lawsonia intracellularis.	Feed continuously as the sole ration for not less than 10 days. Withdraw 2 days before slaughter.	000010
(iii) 35	Chlortetracycline, approximately 400 (varying with body weight and feed consumption to provide 10 milligrams of chlortetracycline per pound of body weight daily).	For treatment of swine bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella choleraesuis and bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida susceptible to chlortetracycline, and control of swine dysentery associated with Brachyspira (formerly Serpulina or Treponema) hyodysenteriae susceptible to tiamulin.	Feed continuously as sole ration for 14 days. Use as only source of chlortetracycline. Withdraw 2 days before slaughter. As chlortetracycline calcium complex, Type A medicated articles containing the equivalent of 50 to 100 grams per pound of chlortetracycline hydrochloride provided by 046573 and 048164 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	000010, 048164
(iv) 200		For treatment of swine dysentery associated with <i>Brachyspira</i> (formerly <i>Serpulina</i> or <i>Treponema</i>) <i>hyodysenteriae</i> susceptible to tiamulin.	Feed continuously as the sole feed for 14 consecutive days. Withdraw feed 7 days before slaughter.	000010

(2) [Reserved]

[67 FR 7268, Feb. 19, 2002, as amended at 69 FR 62407, Oct. 26, 2004]

§ 558.615 Thiabendazole.

(a) Approvals. Dry Type A medicated articles: 22, 44.1, 66.1, and 88.2 percent

to 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter. The 66.1 percent Type A is solely for the manufacture of cane molasses liquid Type B feed which is mixed in dry feeds. The 88.2 percent Type A is used solely for the manufacture of an aqueous slurry for adding to a Type C dry cattle feed.